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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/511,595	11/02/2004	Michael Grass	260382US0XPCT	5262	
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET			EXAMINER		
			CHOI, LING SIU		
ALEXANDRIA	A, VA 22314		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		1713			
	,			<u> </u>	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			08/10/2007	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

patentdocket@oblon.com oblonpat@oblon.com jgardner@oblon.com

	Applicatio	n No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/511,59	5	GRASS ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit	
	Ling-Siu C		1713	
The MAILING DATE of this communic	cation appears on the	cover sheet with the	correspondence add	iress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commutation. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum states are reply within the set or extended period for reply within the set of exte	AILING DATE OF TH of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no evenunication. utory period will apply and will vill, by statute, cause the appli	IIS COMMUNICATIO int, however, may a reply be to despire SIX (6) MONTHS from ication to become ABANDON	DN. timely filed m the mailing date of this con VED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed	d on <u>18 May 2007</u> .			
,_				
3) Since this application is in condition f				merits is
closed in accordance with the practic	e under <i>Ex parte Qui</i>	ayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims				
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1,3-6 and 8-22 is/are pendir 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1,3-6 and 8-22 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restrict.	e withdrawn from cor			
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: Applicant may not request that any objector Replacement drawing sheet(s) including 11) The oath or declaration is objected to	a) accepted or b) [tion to the drawing(s) b the correction is require	e held in abeyance. So ed if the drawing(s) is o	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 CFF	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•		,	
a) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority of the copies of the priority of the certified copies of the copies of the copies of the certified copies of the c	documents have beer documents have beer of the priority docume tal Bureau (PCT Rule	n received. n received in Applica nts have been receive 17.2(a)).	ntion No ved in this National S	Stage
		•		
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	⁻ O-948)	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail [5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:		

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This Office Action is in response to the Amendment filed May 18, 2007. Claims 2 and 7 were canceled and claims 14-22 have been added. Claims 1, 3-6, and 8-22 are now pending. In view of the Amendment, the claim rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hayes et al. (US 4,079,092) are withdrawn. The claim rejections under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Brunner et al. (US 6,284,917 B1) and Hahnfeld et al. (US 6,350,820 B1) are maintained.

Claim Analysis

2. Summary of claim 1:

A catalyst for [aromatic compounds ⇒ alicyclic compounds], comprising			
	at least one metal of the eighth transition group on or in a support material		
	wherein the support material has		
	an average pore diameter = :	25-50 nm	
	a specific surface area >	30 m²/g	
wherein over 90% of the total pore volume of the support material is comprised of			
meso- and micropores with a diameter of from 0.1 to 50 nm			

claim 3(1)	The support material comprises activated carbon, silicon carbide,	
	aluminum oxide, silicon oxid, aluminosilicate, titanium dioxide,	
	zirconium dioxide, magnesium oxide, zinc oxide, or mixtures thereof	
claim 4(1)	further comprises at least one metal of the first transition group	
claim 5(1)	further comprises at least one metal of the seventh transition group	

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Summary of claim 6:

A process for the catalytic hydrogenation of an aromatic compound			
with one or more hydrogen-containing gases on a catalyst			
the catalyst:	at least one metal of the eighth transition group on or in a support		
	<u>material</u>		
	wherein the support material has		
	an average pore diameter = 25-50 nm		= 25-50 nm
	a specific surface area > 30 m²/g,		$> 30 \text{ m}^2/\text{g},$
	wherein over 90% of the total pore volume of the support material is		
	comprised of meso- and micropores with a diameter of from 0.1 to 50 nm		
the aromatic compound:		aromatic monocarboxylic acids or their alkyl esters or	
	aromatic polycarboxylic acids or their anhydrides, half ester		boxylic acids or their anhydrides, half esters,
		or full esters	

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless – (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

4. Claims 1 and 3-6, and 8-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Brunner et al. (US 6,284,917 B1).

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Brunner et al. disclose a process to hydrogenate a benzenepolycarboxylic acid, comprising contacting the benzenepolycarboxylic acid with a hydrogen-containing gas in the presence of a catalyst, wherein the catalyst comprises at least one metal of transition group VIII (ruthenium, palladium and/or rhodium) and optionally at least one metal of transition group I or VII of the Periodic Table as active component(s) and a support which is calcined at from 200 to 600°C and has about 50 to about 95% of mesopores with a pore diameter of from about 2 to about 50 nm and a surface area of from about 50 to about 500 m²/g, more preferably from about 200 to about 350 m²/g, and in particular from about 250 to about 300 m²/g (catalyst 2 - col. 5, lines 5-16 and 29-38; col. 6, lines 1-23). Brunner et al. further disclose that the support is activated carbon, silicon carbide, aluminum oxide, silicon dioxide, titanium dioxide, zirconium dioxide, magnesium oxide, zinc oxide or mixtures thereof (col. 6, lines 29-36). It is noted that "about 50 to about 95% of mesopores with a pore diameter of from about 2 to about 50 nm" reads on "over 90% of the total pore volume of the support material is comprised of meso- and micropores with a diameter of from 0.1 to 50 nm" because the amount of micropores can be any value larger than zero if the amount of mesopores is about 95% and the total amount of mesopres and micropores will definitely meet the limitation. Thus, the present claims are anticipated by the disclosure of Brunner et al.

5. Claims 1, 3, and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hahnfeld et al. (US 6,350,820 B1).

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Hahnfeld et al. disclose a process to hydrogenate the vinyl aromatic polymer block segments of the copolymer in the presence of a metal catalyst supported on an inorganic substrate, wherein the inorganic substrate is a silica, alumina or carbon and has at least 98 percent of the pore volume defined by pores having pore diameters greater than 300 angstroms and a surface area between 10 and 100 m²/g, preferably between 15 and 90 with most preferably between 50 and 85 m²/g and wherein the metal catalyst comprises metal capable of catalyzing hydrogenation of the polymer, which is nickel, cobalt, rhodium, ruthenium, palladium, platinum, other Group VIII metals or mixtures thereof (col. 5, lines 22-38; col. 6, lines 1-16). The recitation "at least 98 percent of the pore volume defined by pores having pore diameters greater than 300 angstroms" can be interpreted as that at least 98% of pore volume of the support material comprised of micropores with a diameter of from 30 nm (300 angstroms) to 50 nm. If the amount of mesopores is about 98%, the amount of micropores can be any value larger than zero and the total amount of mesopres and micropores will meet the limitation. Thus, the present claims are anticipated by the disclosure of Hahnfeld et al.

Response to the Applicants' Arguments

6. Applicants: "Catalyst 2 has the support material with an average <u>pore diameter</u> of from 5 to 20 nm and a <u>surface area of about 50 to 500 m²/g</u>, wherein <u>50 to 95% of</u> the pores have a diameter of 2-50 nm (see col. 5-6)......The catalysts of Brunner

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comprise at best 50-95% of mesopores with a diameter 2-50 nm, but does not comprise micropores. Therefore, even if the range of a pore diameter in Brunner and the claimed invention overlaps, Brunner does not disclose a catalyst having over 90% of the total pore volume of the support materials comprising meso- and micropores with a diameter from 0.1 to 50 nm."

"The catalysts of Brunner comprise at best 50-95% of mesopores with a diameter 2-50 nm" do not necessarily lead to a conclusion that it "does not comprise micropores." According to the statistics, a trace amount of micropores always exists. Thus, total pore volume of the support materials comprising meso- and micropores will be over 90%.

Referring to US 4,079,092, <u>Hayes et al.</u> disclose a catalytic composite for producing a cycloparaffinic hydrocarbon, comprising contacting hydrogen and an aromatic hydrocarbon in a catalytic composite which comprises a porous carrier material containing about 0.01 to about 2 wt.% platinum or palladium, about 0.01 to about 2 wt.% rhodium, about 0.05 to about 5 wt.% cobalt, and about 0.1 to about 3.5 wt.% halogen uniformly dispersed throughout the porous carrier material (claim 1). Hayes et al. further disclose that the porous carrier material is a crystalline aluminosilicate and has a surface area of about 25 (100) to about 500 m²/g and a pore diameter of about 20 to about 300 Å (col. 4, lines 36-39; col. 5, lines 5-11; claim 3). However, Hayes et al. do not teach or fairly suggest the claimed catalyst comprising a support having over 90% of the total pore volume of the support material comprised of meso- and micropores with a diameter of from 0.1 to 50 nm.

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Conclusion

7. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time

policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not

mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the

shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Ling-Siu Choi whose telephone number is 571-272-

1098.

If attempt to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, David Wu, can be reached on 571-272-1114.

Licella

LING-SUI CHOI PRIMARY EXAMINER

August 5, 2007